

-is wonderful, but coffee is injurious to the nerves and digestion of most people, be-The phosphates and hypo-phosphites added to Dr. Hand's Condensed Milk make coffee of actual food value by neutralizing the effect of the coffee drug.

DR. HAND'S **PHOSPHATED** CONDENSED A MILK

is the greatest of all nerve foods and body builders. It tastes like rich cream; gives a delicacy of flavor to coffee; makes it a refreshing drink at all times. Dr. Hand's Condensed Milk is best for you don't need ice. Book free.

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CITY NOTES

PAINTING THE STATION.-A large force painters are at work painting the interior and exterior of the Lackswanna railroad station.

GENERAL COMMITTEE A meeting of the general committee for the newsbook pienic will occur this meening at 10.30 in the office of A. Bedford, board of trade building. A full

NO APPOINTMENT YET.—No one has yet been named as the successor of William Thompson on the police force. Director of Public Safety Wormer said yesterday that the appointment in all probability will not be made

WEEK'S HEALTH REPORT.-The weekly report of the health department shows that torre were forty-one deaths in this city last week. Two contagious discuses were reported, the was a case of diphtheria and the other of

DID NOT MEET.-Only three members of the auditing committee put in an appearance last right, and consequently a meeting could not be held. Another meeting has been called for tonight, as it is necessary to pass the street

FUNERAL YESTERDAY,-The funeral of the Mrs. Augusta S. Williams, wife of C. H. illians accounted vesterday atternoon services were conducted at the house. Stl Quincy avenue, by Rev. S. F. Mathews, paster of the First Baptist church. The bady was taken to Aurora, Ind., Inst night for hurial.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.-The Fourth Legislative district convention for the purpose of everling four delegates to the Democratic state convention will be held at O'Richie held. Obspirant, on Saturday, July 27, at 3 p. in. The en Friday, July 26, between 4 and 7 p. m.

DRIVER BOYS INJURED. Mules.

Two driver boys at the Green Ridge

The animals were very stubborn and house, locked himself in an up-stairs tion. refused to draw the trip of cars to room.

shich they were attached. Repeated Pat lashings imparted by the boys infuriout of their perilous position.

about the body, and were taken to the Lackawanna hospital.

FIREMAN PHILLIPS DEAD. Man Injured in Gouldsboro Wreck Passes Away.

i uries. and death ever since. The body was hibitions of violence that tended to the contract for extending the foul air shipped to his home last night.

The popular Punch cigar is still the leader of the 10c cigars.



Bonds and Investment : Securities

66 Breadway, N. Y. Carbondale. 5-6 Commonwealth bld'g, Scranton, Pa. A HOME WEDDING.

Miss Grant Married to Rev. Henry F. Huce. Rev. Henry F. Huce, of Skowhegan,

Maine, and Miss Bertha B. Grant, daughter of the late Hrof. W. W. Grant, were yesterday afternoon married at the home of the bride's mother, on Madison avenue, by Rev. Dr. Rob-ert F. Y. Pierce, pastor of the Penn Avenue Baptist church.

The bride was attired in a beauti-ful gown of white, cut entrain, and was attended by her two sisters, the Misses Pearl and Ethel Grant. The eremony was performed in the drawing room of the residence, which was beautifully decorated, and was wit-nessed by only the members of the family and a few intimate friends, including Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. S. Fletcher Weyburn and Miss Ethel Fletcher. After the ceremony the couple left on an extensive wedding tour.

The groom is a promising young dergyman and is pastor of the First Baptist church at Skowhegan. The bride has been for several years a teacher in the High school at Providence, Rhode Island, and is a gifted and accomplished young woman.

MRS. M'DONOUGH AND HER SON INJURED

Charge That They Were Treated Inhumanly by Employes of Trolley Company.

Mrs. A. P. McDonough, of Dunmore and her 6-year-old son, Frank, were seriously injured vesterday morning in an accident which befell a Throop car, near the Mt. Carmel cemetery.

According to the story told last night y Mrs. McDonough, who was just able o speak, when the car on which she and her son was riding reached the switch at the cemetery it was obliged to stop and walt for the "line" car of the company, from the platform of which some workmen were making repairs, to get out of the way.

The "line" car was backed onto the switch finally, and just as the other car passed the point where it had stood ecording to Mrs. McDonough's story all the ironwork in the car became charged with electricity and she and her son, both of whom were over one of the steel wheel plates, were thrown by the force of the shock completely out of the car and into the ditch near

Both sustained serious injuries. Mrs. McDonough's spine was injured to such an extent as to completely paralyze her lower limbs. Her right arm was fractured and she sustained a deep gash on the forehead, which required five stitches to close. The little boy's arms were frightfuly lacerated and he sustained a bad cut in the head. Mrs. Mc-Denough is in an extremely critical condition, but it is thought that the ittle boy will recover.

Mr. McDonough stated to a Tribune man last night that the manner in which the street railway company's employes treated his wife and child after the accident was shameful. He said they made no effort to take them them lie where they fell for over an

ar went on to Throop on the next car to get medical assistance, and Mr. Me-Donough claims that the motorman and conductor of an in-bound car refused point-blank, when requested, to wait Jacobs down to the scene of the acci-

TOWNSEND'S CRAZY ACT

Stole Into a Neighbor's Bedroom and Assaulted Him With a Heavy Iron Poker.

Mr. and Mrs. Dayton Lewis, of 1510 of the scholarship, which contemplates a general course. The committee wanted permission to appoint a board wanted permission to appoint a board They Were Kicked by Two Vicious bor, Jacob Townsend, with an iron members of the high school faculty, stove poker raised above his head. colliery, named John Flynn and Frank intercept him, Townsend brought the does not itself prepare the papers for Sofka, were badly injured yesterday poker down viciously and it landed the examination. The permission was

Patrolmen John Saltry and Reese Jones were summoned to arrest him. ated them and they began to kick. Both They reached the room where he had from \$150 to \$275. Pennsylvania State boys were knocked down and trampled locked himself in and were trying to College, at the suggestion of the comupon, and might have been killed had it induce him to come out and surrennot been for a miner who pulled them der, when he suddently swung open They were both badly cut and bruised with the poker. They warded off his school on August 27, it to be of no exblows and after a time succeeded in pense to the board. grappling him and forcing him into subjection. After getting him on his that it had no report to offer, feet, he renewed his struggle, and it

was with no little difficulty they landed him in the North Scranton police station. Townsend is 75 years of age, and a Phincas Phillips, of West Lenox, the few years ago was an inmate of the fireman who was so badly injured on insane department of Hillside Home. July 15 in the Lackawanna wreck at He gave evidence of a return of rea-Gouldsboro, died yesterday from his son and his son took him to his home. For several months past, the neigh-He was badly scalded at the time bors say, he has been acting queer, and has been hovering between life and on several occasions gave ex-

> show a recurrence of his mental dis-His son was a blacksmith at the Brisbin and was discharged last week the death of Mrs. Williams. for refusing to help to do the firing. He went to Johnstown Saturday last to take another job, leaving his wife and children to look after his father. a poker, pryed open a front window

the Lewis family. It was the opinion of the police that Townsend was insane and they called in Doctors W. D. Donne and J. J. Suilivan, jr., to corroborate their view. The doctors reported that he had violent tendencies and should be care-

fully watched. Last night, Mr. Lewis appeared g against Townsend, charging him with house breaking and aggravated assault and battery with intent to kill. Magistrate Fidler released him on \$200 bail to keep the peace and \$500 bail to answer to court. Dr. J. J. Jenkins be-

came his bondsman. Mr. Lewis being afraid to sleep a home last night, betook himself and family to the house of a relative in

the central city. Mr. Lewis' neck was badly swollen yesterday from the blow which he received with the poker. Had landed on his head, his physician said, a fractured skull would have re-

sulted. Smoke the Pocono Cigar, 5c.

NEW SCHOOL FOR THE THIRD

EIGHT ROOM BUILDING TO BE ERECTED THERE.

An Effort Made to Set Aside the Report of the Supply Committee and Give the Contract for Furnishing Coal in Three of the Districts to James Kearney - Reports Presented by the Various Committees. Treasurer's Statement of Financial Condition of District.

The Third ward is to have a new our-room school building. At last night's meeting of the board of control, Architect James H. Feeney was directed to draw plans for it. Engineer Harris will arrange plans for the heating and ventilating, which will fit in with the architect's plans. Bids are to be received for the building complete including heating and ventilating, the building not to cost over \$2,500 a room.

At present there is a two-room buildng. No. 22, in the Third ward, which is so close to a culm heap, from which noxious gases emanate, that it has been feemed wise to abandon the building The Delaware, Lackawanna and West ern company has agreed to give a lot at Back road and Oak street in return for the lot now occupied by the school This proposition the board accepted. It was decided to advertise for bid for the sale of the two-room building which is a substantial brick structure Bids will also be advertised for moving the building either to the lots on the Diamond flats, owned by the board, o to Little England, as the building and teachers' committee of the board may decide.

Jacob Schaefer, the member from the Tenth, made a plea for having the school removed to Little England which, he said, is now practically without school facilities. It is so far from No. 38 that the pupils cannot go there in the winter and, besides, a number of dangerous railroad tracks have to be

THE COAL BIDS.

There was considerable discussion when Chairman Roche, of the supply committee, announced the awarding of contracts to supply the schools of the city with coal. The report favored awarding contracts to the following: First district, central city and Green Ridgeand \$2.05 for pea coal.

Second district, South Scranton- To M. Gib-sons for \$1 for large sizes, and \$2 for pea coal. Third district, North Scranton-To M. J. Ruddy or \$1 for large sizes and \$2.25 for pea coal. Fourth district, North End-James Kearney to: \$3 for large sizes, and \$2 for pea coal.

Mr. Jayne objected to the report of the committee. He said that James Kearney was the lowest responsible pidder in three districts and ought t be awarded the contract for the thre districts. Chairman Roche defended the action of the committee by saying that experience in the past had proved that it is bad policy to give one man a con tract for more than one district, as the any place out of the hot sun and left schools offered from lack of coal during ec · weather. The members of the board were polled and the contracts were awarded as suggested by the con-

The high and training school committee presented the resignation of Henry Greenstead as assistant in the for a minute or two to bring Dr. school, and Fred Atherton was named department of chemistry of the high as his successor at a salary of \$50 per mouth. The action of the com-

mittee was approved. THAT SCHOLARSHIP.

In the matter of the University of Pennsylvania scholarship the committee reported that through a misapprehension of the rules adopted by the board an examination was taken and young man named Kirkwood won. About 4 o'clock yesterday morning. He wanted to take a special course, which is not according to the terms at their bedside their next door neigh- of three examiners, who shall not be to decide who is entitled to the scholar-Before they could make a move to cship in the event that the university morning at the Green Ridge colliery by on Mr. Lewis' neck. Townsend made granted. All members of this year's a vicious team of mules which they an exit and retiring to his own home, class of graduates of the high school which is in the other half of the are eligible to take this examina-

On recommendation of the committee the board increased the appropriation for publishing the high school manual mittee, was given the right to hold an entrance examination to that colthe door and made for the officers lege in one of the rooms of the high

The teachers' committee announced Mr. Leonard thereupon suggetsed that there is a vacancy in the principalship of No. 17 school, and that W. E. Jamison, who was appointed temporarily last year, be appointed. The suggestion was approved by the board.

THOSE LIGHTNING RODS.

At the suggesting of the building committee the board postponed indefinitely the question of putting lightning rods on school buildings. James P. Maloney & Co. were given ducts in a number of schools, Mrs. James Boyd was appointed janitor of No. 24, to fill the vacancy caused by

The committee recommended the removal of John Johnson from the position of janitor of No. 6 and the ap pointment of Thomas O'Malley. Mr It appears the old man sneaked out Johnson, it was stated, has another job during the night, armed himself with and the work is being done by his son, who is not an employe of the board of the Townsend house and proceeded and not responsible to it. On motion of Director Roche the matter went to avenge some imaginary wrong on back to the committee for further consideration.

On recommendation of the supply committee R. E. Jennings, who has had charge of the supply rooms of the board, had his salary raised from \$75 to \$90 per month. The contract for furnishing supplies to the board was awarded to Reynolds Brothers, the committee stating that it was the only firm which bid complete, and that in the aggregate it was the highest and best bidder.

James Flynn, on recommendation of the committee, was awarded the con-

tlemen are the directors: D. Jones.
F. Reynolds.
a. Sprague.
hard O'Brien.
nuel Samter.
C. Von Storch.

A. B. Warman.
C. S. Woolworth.
M. J. Healey.
W. G. Fulton.
Arthur Dunn.
M. P. Carter. We solicit your business.

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In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package,

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tract for furnishing wood to the schools of the district during the year, A recommendation that Venetian blinds be placed on Nos. 14 and 36 at a price not to exceed 161/2 cents per foot was adopted.

The annual report of the treasurer was read. It shows that at the beginning of the fiscal year, July 2, 1900. there was a balance on hand of \$141,-772.04, and during the year the amount of taxes collected was \$384,401.62. The balance on hand at the opening of the present fiscal year was \$78,447.36.

ed pay for July and August for compiling statistics about the attendance of children in the city schools. The exoneration list of Thomas P. Gilgallon for the year 1898 in the Ninth ward, amounting to \$320.96, was al-

lowed.

Attendance Officer Joyce was allow-

A form of a warrant, drawn up by Solicitor Reedy, was read, authorizing the imprisonment of persons who refuse to pay their school taxes. It was referred to the finance committee for consideration.

TRUESDALE SAID NO WAS HIS ANSWER

Would Not Accept the New Proposition the Car Builders Submitted to Him Yesterday in New York.

Yesterday's effort on the part of Senator J. C. Vaughan and Secretary T. S. Coyne, of the Car Builders' association, to effect a setttlement of the car builders' strike proved futile

They waited on President Truesdale at his office in New York, yesterday morning, and presented to him a new proposition from the strikers, but it as flatly rejected by Mr. Truesdale. When they reached Mr. Truesdale's office and were announced, Mr. Truesdale called in Senator Vaughan and

left Mr. Covne in waiting. Senator Vaughan told Mr. Truesdale that he came to see him at the request of the car builders and as a citigen of Scranton, anxious that the should be terminated. Mr. strike Truesdale complained about the way in which the company's workmen were treated in Scranton, saying it cost a thousand dollars a day to protect them and that they were being boycotted and caused all sorts of annovance. Senator Vaughan suggested that it was in the power of Mr. Truesdale to

settle the strike with honor to both sides of the conflict by accepting the proposition Secretary Coyne was now prepared to make. President Truesdale said he did not

intend to see any more representatives of the strikers, but would be willing to hear the proposition. Mr. Coyne was called in and was met with the remark from Mr. Truesdale: "Well, Mr. Coyne, I understand you have a proposition to make?"

Mr. Coyne replied that he had; that the car builders were willing to recede from their original demand if the company would reinstate them at an adance in wages. "Your original demand was the re-

nstatement of Hicks, a man who was uspended from the Dover shops for lolating the rules." Mr. Coyne explained that what he neant by the original proposition was

nine-hour day without a reduction President Truesdale talked for a time bout the company not being greatly oncerned as to whether or not the ar builders returned to work, and then, referring to the new proposi-

ion, said: "My answer to that will se very short. It is No." The visitors left together and came Breet home, arriving here at 6 o'clock last evening.

President McAndrew called a meetng of the car builders for 4 o'clock this afternoon in Carpenters' hall, to hear Mr. Coyne's report. To a Tribne reporter last night President Mc-Andrew said:

"This means fight. We will win if takes all summer, and I am confident it will not take anywhere near that long. 'The company's switches all the way from Hoboken to Buffalo are filled with crippled cars, and it cannot ontinue the struggle much longer. This talk about having so many men at work in places outside of Scranton is all bosh. It is true there are some men working in the different shops, out they are inexperienced fellows, who cannot do a good day's work in a

month. "The return of the machinists only tends to better our condition. It will reduce the number of men who will have to be supported, when it comes to that. We did not go on strike with the machinists, but instead were out a week ahead of them. The company evidently though the return of the machinists would cause a stampede in our ranks. In this it was greatly disappointed. Only three striking car builders returned to work yer-terday, and two of these will not be work tomorrow.'

CISION IN VIADUCT CASE QUALITY TALKS **DECISION IN**

FULL TEXT OF JUSTICE MITCH-ELL'S OPINION.

Takes a Different View from That of the Local Court on the Meaning of the Word "Debt" in the Clause of the Constitution Relative to Increasing the Indebtedness of Municipalities - Supreme Court Gives It a Broad and Liberal Meaning Instead of a Technical One.

Below is given in full the opinion of Justice Mitchell, of the Supreme court, in the case of Keller against the City of Scranton et al., commonly known as the viaduct case,

The whole case hinged on the legal meaning of the word debt in Section 8. Article 9, of the Constitution, which says the debt of a municipality shall not exceed two per cent. of the assessed valuation unless the assent of the electors is had.

The city attempted to undertake the payment of the damages that would result from the construction of the viaduct. What these damages would amount to no one could say, but it was almost certain that they would make the city's debt exceed the two per cent. limit, as the margin at the present time s very small.

Debt is defined by the legal lexicogaphers as an ascertained, definitely fixed liability. In its broader sense the yord means any liability. Judge Kelly accepted the strict meaning of the word and ruled that the damages that would ccrue from the building of the viaduct were not a debt, within the meanng of the clause of the Constitution, ibove quoted, and consequently not to be reckoned in figuring on the question of whether or not the city's indebtedness would be increased beyond the constitutional limit by the building of the viaduct.

LOCAL JUDGE'S OPINION.

From the discussion of the case conained in Judge Kelly's opinion, it is to be gathered that he was persuaded to ind as he did from the fact that if unliquidated damages were to be regarded as "debt" within the meaning of the lause of the constitution in question, it would be well-nigh impossible for a municipality to prepare a statement of debt, and altogether impossible for ourt to say whether or not a contemplated improvement would exceed the onstitutional debt limit, if the margin was close and the city was making improvements that would entail damages, such as constructing sewers, grading streets and the like.

The Supreme court says, in declining to accept Judge Kelly's view, that the word "debt" in the section in question should be taken in its broad and general meaning. The full text of the opinion is as follows:

Keller vs. City of Scranton et al., anuary, 1961, No. 35, C. P. Lackawanna. Mitchell, J. The single question which needs discussion is whether a munici-pality, already in debt up to its con-stitutional limit of two per cent, on the assessed value of its property, can, is clear and substantial. And that is without a vote of the electors, enter into a contract for the building of a viaduct without expense to itself, but which will make it indirectly liable for When the broad distinction of actions stitution.

LANGUAGE OF ACT.

The language of the section is, "the debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the as-sessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipal ity or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall

The learned judge below found as facts that "the erection of a viaduct will cause damage to the abutting property owners and the amount which may be recoverable by them may ag-gregate the sum of \$100,000 whenever the same may be liquidated according to law." And that the present debt of the city was already beyond two percent of the assessed valuation. He cent. of the assessed valuation. He further found as conclusions of law that the city of Scranton had no right to increase its present indebtedness without first obtaining the consent of the electors, but that the incurring of this liability for damages to the property owners was not the creation debt or the incurring of an indebted-ness within the meaning of the constistitution?

This conclusion was reached upon th view that the word debt in the section of the constitution in question is used in a technical sense, which does not in-clude unliquidated damages sounding in ort. We are unable to assent to this

IN GENERAL SENSE. The constitution is to be understood

rima facie at least, as using words in heir general and popular sense, unless hey are clearly technical in their na-While the word debt has a technical use of somewhat more limited sig-nification than its common meaning. yet it is not naturally or usually a technical word. And it is to be noted that the constitution uses in immediate and synonymous connection the word "indebtedness," which is of wider and even less technical significance. On this point the purpose and intent of the constitutional provision are conclusive. It is part of the open history of the imes that many municipalities in haste o get the advantage enjoyed by older and wealthier communities entered recklessly into all kinds of projects under the name of public improvements. and in a few years found themselves like heirs to an estate burdened with past obits at ruinous rates, on or be yond the verge of bankruptcy. At the the subject was fresh in the publi-mind, notably in the cases of count; and city bonds in aid of railroads, etc. in the western states, as found in the reports of the Supreme court of the United States. Pennsylvania was not without its own experience two gener-ations ago in the default of interest, nobly atoned for in the dark days of depreciated currency during the Civi war by the payment of all its obliga-tions in gold, even though not so speci fied in the bond. The constitutional provision is intended as a restraint on this spendthrift tendency, to cure the extravagance of municipal expenditures on credit to prevent municipal ities from loading the future with obli gations to pay for things the preser desires but cannot justly afford, and in short, to establish the principle that beyond the defined limits they must pay as they go. No limit is fixed to expenditure for which present means of payment are provided (Erie's Appeal, 91 Pa. 398), but a peremptory prohibition is put on expenditure on credit be-yond the prescribed bounds. Debt and indebtedness in the section in question

Many Persons when Buying Dishes see only the Decorations. If that pleases them they buy, and lose sight of the most essential part—ware itself. The beauty of the decorations soon fades, when the ware crackles and burns black. Laughlin's Semi-Vitrious China We Guarantee never to craze, 100-Piece Dinner Sets, in beautiful decorations, for \$15. What's better, they are open stock

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contractual obligation to pay in th future for considerations received i

in their broad, general meaning of all

CONTEXT MAY TELL. It may be that in other sections of the instrument the context may indi-cate that the same words are used in a more limited and technical sense. It will be time enough to consider those questions when they arise. For the present it is sufficient that the meaning of Section 8 is clear.

It is true that the constitution does

not exempt municipalities, how great soever their indebtedness, from liabil-ity for wrongful and tortious acts. But it does not authorize the voluntary as-sumption of obligation to pay money by the scheme of a tort. The distinc-tion between real or unpremeditated torts and voluntary acts under the technical name of torts, done by agree-ment for the accomplishment of a pur-pose prohibited to be done by contract. damages to the owners of abutting into those ex contractu and those ex land. Or to reduce the question to a briefer and more general form, are until exercise of eminent domain were liquidated damages to land owners unknown. When they came into exist-from a public improvement a debt ence they did not strictly fit into either within Section 8, Article 9, of the confounded on express contract with the land owner, they were put in the only other class, as torts. But when, as it the present case, the act which is called a tort is done under a contract and the assumption of the consequent damages is an express term of such contract, we have a perfectly clear case outside of the principle that makes municipalities liable for their wrongful acts, without regard to their indebtedness, and within the constitutional pro-hibition of a contractual obligation to pay in future for a consideration in the present. We are, therefore, obliged to mold that the ordinance in question is void as increasing the indebtedness of the city of Scranton beyonds its con-stitutional limits. The other objections

to the ordinance are not sustained. WHAT HE FOUND. The learned judge below found inter alia that while the debt of the city o Scranton was above the two per cent. limit, yet part of it had been authorized by a vote of the electors, and if this part should be excluded from the computation, the damages under the ordinance for the viaduct would not crease the debt beyond the limit, but held that the whole debt, authorized vote or not, must be taken together in computing the two per cent. It is now suggested by the appellees that this ruling was incorrect, and if it should be reversed, the final decree could be affirmed, though for different reasons affirmed, though for different reasons from those of the court below. This, however, could not be done on the present appeal. The ruling was in favor of the appellant and, of course, is not assigned for error. The question, therefore, is not raised by the record as it is now before us for action, and we express no online upon it.

xpress no opinion upon it. It is not improper to say that we have reached our conclusion in this case with reluctance. The improve-ment intended is one of great import-ance and value to the public in doing away with a dangerous grade crossing, and the terms are very advantageous to the city. But the bar of the constitutional prohibition is clear and we may not permit it to be evade

Decree reversed and bill directed to be reinstated, and injunction issued as prayed. Costs to be paid by appellees. The plaintiff in this case was repre sented by Attorneys M. W. Lowry, H M. Streeter and I. H. Burns. The city was represented by ex-City Solicitor A. A. Vosburg and Major Everett War-

GREEN RIDGE.

Lester E. Losey, of Monsey avenue, eturned yesterday from a visit to the Pan-American.

Floy Fuller, of North Park, will ave today for the Pan-American. Miss Minnie Peck, of Capouse avenue, left yesterday for a week's stay at Lake Winola

Miss Pearl Treverton, of Sanderson evenue, has returned from a visit with Dallas friends

Rev. Samuel J. Dorsey and family.

hicago. Miss Isabella Jones, of Monsey aveue, is spending a few days at Sunnyside farm, Fleetville, where she is the guest of Miss Carolyn Paterson.

A young daughter of Thomas Kelly, of Capouse avenue, was quite badly injured by being run into by a wagon, while crossing the street near her home yesterday.

his father, C. P. Slack, in the plumbare not used in any technical way, but ling and tinning business, met with a

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Summer Hotel in Northeastern Pennsyl-

SCRANTON, PA. Foster, President, Elmer H. Lawall, Treas, R. J. Foster, Vice President. Stanley P. Allen, Secretary.

very distressing accident vesterday while unloading a wagon full of waste Miss Mae Benedict, of Dickson ave- material on the dump below the Klotz nue, is spending her vacation at Green mill. He backed the wagon too close to the edge of the bank, which is very steep at this point, and it went over, carrying the horse with it. The rubbish at the foot of the bank was on fire at the time and the wagon was of Lincoln Heights, have moved to entirely destroyed by the flames and

the horse severely burned. C. T. Bellamy and son, Charles, of Delaware street, are at the Poyntelle House, Poyntelle, Pa. T. J. Snowden and family expect to start this afternoon for the Pan-

American. Hanley's Ice Cream

Harvey Slack, who is employed by Is absolutely pure. 420 Spruce street.

Try the new 5c cigar "Kleon." ..